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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/582,111	04/17/2007	Johan Dahlberg	20459-00400-US1	1630	
	7590 11/06/200 SOVE LODGE & HUT	EXAMINER			
1875 EYE STR		TROY, DANIEL J			
SUITE 1100 WASHINGTO	N, DC 20006	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			3641		
		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
			11/06/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		A	Application No.		Applicant(s)			
			10/582,111		DAHLBERG, JOHAN			
Office Action Summary		E	Examiner		Art Unit			
		[	DANIEL J. TROY		3641			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commur r Reply	nication appea	rs on the cover	sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ddress		
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE N Isions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community period for reply is specified above, the maximum single to reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DAT s of 37 CFR 1.136(a munication. tatutory period will a y will, by statute, ca	E OF THIS COI a). In no event, however apply and will expire Souse the application to	MMUNICATION Per, may a reply be time IX (6) MONTHS from the become ABANDONE	l. ely filed the mailing date of this o O (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>9/2/200</i>	)9					
			<u>~</u> . ction is non-fina	1				
<b>—</b>		<i>,</i> —			secution as to the	e merits is		
٥/ك	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are pending in the	annlication						
			rom consideration	nn				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>7-13</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
· —	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
· ·	S)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 14-21</u> is/are rejected.							
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	- <b>:</b>	14:	4				
8)[_]	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or e	lection requiren	nent.				
Applicati	on Papers							
9) 🗌 🤈	The specification is objected to by th	ne Examiner.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	: a) <u> </u>	ted or b)⊡ obje	cted to by the E	Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any obje	ection to the dra	awing(s) be held i	n abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	g the correction	n is required if the	drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
2)  Notic 3) Inforr	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Ination Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 6/24/2009.	PTO-948)	5) <u> </u>	nterview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da Notice of Informal Pa Other:	te			

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## 1. DETAILED ACTION

#### Election/Restrictions

- 1. Applicant's election without traverse of claims 1-6 and 14-21 in the reply filed on 9/2/2009 is acknowledged.
- 2. Claims 7-13 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected species, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on 9/2/2009.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
- 4. The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. Claims 1-6 and 14-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential steps, such omission amounting to a gap between the steps. See MPEP § 2172.01. The applicant claims a method for producing tubular propellant charges; however the claims are directed toward a method of combustion rather than the steps taken to form the charges.
- 6. Regarding claim 21, it is unclear how claim is a step for producing a tubular propellant charge.
- 7. Claims 1-6 and 14-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

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8. Regarding claim 1, it is unclear what defines the "e-dimension distance" thus rendering the claim indefinite. From where to where is the distance measured? Is it defined in the drawings?

9. Regarding claims 4, 5, and 14-18, the statement "intended to be..." make it unclear if the following limitations are required or merely suggested as an intended use.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
- 11. A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 12. Claims 1-6 and 14-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Maxim (US 694,295) in view of Hafstrand (US 2005/0066835).
- 13. Regarding claim 1, Maxim discloses, a method for producing tubular propellant charges with a very high charge density and high progressivity (line 47), characterized in that he charge comprises at least two propellant tubes (figure 2 or 3) which have circular outer and inner boundary surfaces and which are radially perforated in their entirety with combustion or ignition channels (3) at an e-dimension distance selected in relation to the actual type of propellant and its desired combustion characteristics ("to provide for suitable burning thicknesses between the perforations to secure the simultaneous completion of the combustion throughout the mass of the explosive" lines 37-42) and the ignition of the propellant tubes is successively done one after the other

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(figure 8 discloses a structure where it is inherent that the tubes ignite one after the other), but lacks at least one of the total number of outer surfaces of these propellant tubes that are available for initiation has been treated with an inhibition, surface treatment or surface coating. It is inherent that the combustion of the layer would at least partially overlap to some degree; along the entire length of the propellant layer one portion will complete it combustion before other areas (the time difference may be extremely small), therefore the next layer would begin burning while the other areas of the first layer are finishing up (partially mutually overlapping).

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- 14. Hafstrand teaches that it is known in the art to treat propellant surface with an inhibitor ([0009]). The use of an inhibitor allows for further control of the progressivity.
- 15. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the apparatus of Maxim, by using an inhibitor similar to that disclosed by Hafstrand, to allow for further control of the progressivity. The examiner notes that the last sentence of paragraph [0004] of Hafstrand states "The progressivity of the powder can then in turn be accentuated by surface treatment with suitable substances" therefore it is inherent that a "surface treatment" would include all outer surfaces. Additionally it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the maximum pressure very close to the maximum operational pressure, since it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Boesch*, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980).

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16. Regarding claim 2, Maxim discloses, at least two of the perforated propellant tubes included in the charge have been arranged one after the other (figure 2 or 3).

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- 17. Regarding claim 3, Maxim discloses, the propellant tubes included in the charge, at least one is arranged inside the internal cavity of an outer propellant tube.
- 18. Regarding claims 4, 14, and 15, for the structure shown in figure 8 of Maxim it is inherent that the ignition would propagate outwardly one after another. Further Hafstrand discloses "burn time" ([0003]).
- 19. Regarding claims 5 and 16-18, Hafstrand discloses "powered will burn towards other primed surfaces during a successive increase of the burn area, and the gas release thereby also increases."
- 20. Regarding claims 6, 19, and 20, Maxim in view of Hafstrand discloses the invention as explained above further noting that it is inherent for an inhibited substance to have a different rate of combustion.
- 21. Regarding claim 21, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the propellant gas generation ceased before the projectile leaves the muzzle, since it would mean the optimal amount of propellant is being used for that weapon and it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Boesch*, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980).

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p.m., EST.

### Conclusion

22. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DANIEL J. TROY whose telephone number is (571)270-3742. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday, 8:00 a.m. - 5:00

23. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Carone can be reached on (571) 272-6873. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

24. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/DJT/

/James S. Bergin/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3641